

**CMGT 235 – Electrical and Mechanical Systems**

Department of Construction Management ☻ California State University, Chico

Exam #1 [100 points]

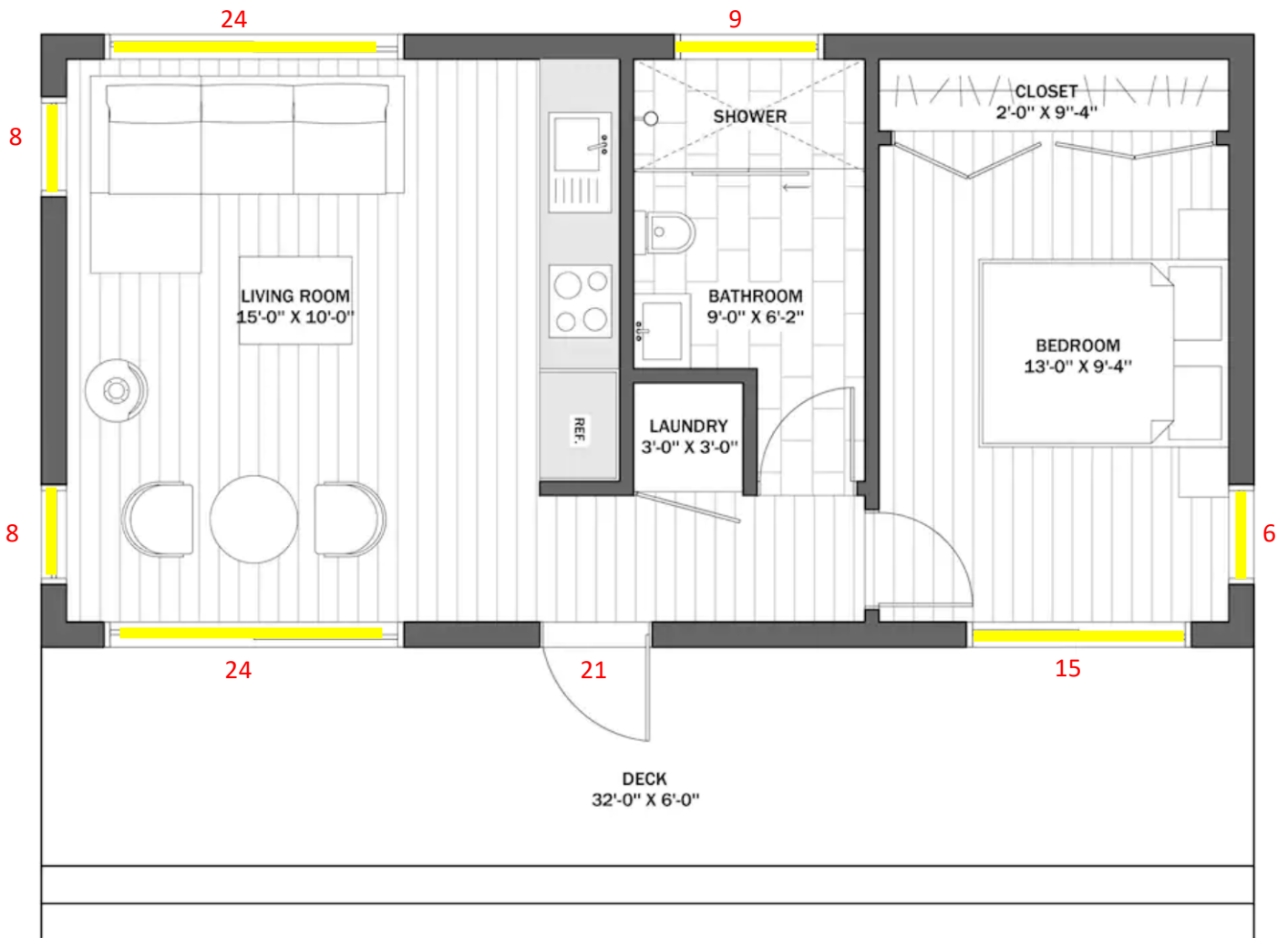
**You may work together as a group or individually. Every student SHALL complete their own answer sheet.**

|       |          |
|-------|----------|
| Name: | Solution |
| Name: |          |
| Name: |          |

1. The floor plan for a 16 ft x 32 ft cabin with 1 bedroom and 1 bathroom is shown below. The cabin located in Bellevue, Washington is being built on a SOG and with a flat roof. Wall height is 8ft.
- 8 pts A. Highlight the windows with a yellow highlighter and write the area of each window along the outside of the window and the area of the entry door next to the door. Outside temperature is 10°F and inside temperature is 78°F.

**Window Specifications**

|             |                                       |
|-------------|---------------------------------------|
| Living Room | 2 ft x 4 ft and 6 ft x 4 ft           |
| Bedroom     | 2 ft x 3 ft and 5 ft x 3 ft           |
| Bathroom    | 3 ft x 3 ft                           |
| Entry Door  | 7 ft x 3 ft                           |
| Floor       | SOG (2 in thick edge insulation, R=5) |



B. Determine the total R-value and U-Factor for the roof and walls. Use the R-Value lookup table provided in class. Assume winter. For all answers, use 2-decimals for R-Values and 3-decimals for U-Factor.

9 pts

Roof Construction

| Component                             | R-Value |
|---------------------------------------|---------|
| Outside Air Film                      | 0.17    |
| Asphalt Shingles                      | 0.44    |
| 1" Air gap                            | 1.00    |
| 7/16" OSB Plywood Sheathing           | 0.55    |
| 5 1/4" Fiberglass Batt (high density) | 21.00   |
| 5/8" Drywall                          | 0.56    |
| Inside Air Film                       | 0.68    |
| Total Roof Assembly R-Value           | 24.40   |
| U-Factor (Use Three Decimals)         | 0.041   |

$$0.4375 \times 1.25 = 0.55$$

Wall Construction - 2x6 Wood Framing 16in O.C.

20 pts

Wall Construction

| Component                         | R (Between stud) | R (At stud) |
|-----------------------------------|------------------|-------------|
| Outside Air Film                  | 0.17             | 0.17        |
| 3/8" plywood siding               | 0.47             | 0.47        |
| 1 Layer 15-lb Felt (R=0.06)       | 0.06             | 0.06        |
| 5/8" Structural Plywood Sheathing | 0.77             | 0.77        |
| 2x6 Framing                       | ---              | 6.88        |
| R-21 Cavity Insulation            | 21.00            | ---         |
| Interior 1/2" Gypsum Board        | 0.45             | 0.45        |
| Inside Air Film                   | 0.68             | 0.68        |
| Total Wall Assembly R-Value       | 23.60            | 9.48        |
| U-Factor (Use Three Decimals)     | 0.042            | 0.105       |

$$0.375 \times 1.25 = 0.47$$

10 pts

C. Determine the average U-Factor for the wall. Show all calculations

$$R_{avg} = (1.5/16) \times 9.48 + (14.5/16) \times 23.60 = 22.28$$

$$U_{avg} = 0.045$$

2 pts D. Determine the U-Factor for the windows and the entry door (show calculations)

| Component      | U-Factor |
|----------------|----------|
| Windows R-3    | 0.333    |
| Entry Door R-5 | 0.200    |

8 pts E. Determine the areas shown in the table below (show all calculations)

|                   |  |
|-------------------|--|
| Gross Wall Area   | $(2 \times 16 \text{ ft} \times 8 \text{ ft}) + (2 \times 32 \text{ ft} \times 8 \text{ ft}) = 768 \text{ ft}^2$ |
| Total Window Area | $24 + 9 + 6 + 15 + 24 + 8 + 8 = 94 \text{ ft}^2$   |
| Entry Door Area   | $21 \text{ ft}^2$  |
| Net Wall Area     | $768 \text{ ft}^2 - (94 \text{ ft}^2 + 21 \text{ ft}^2) = 653 \text{ ft}^2$                                      |

10 pts F. Calculate (Round all answers to whole number) the rate of heat loss due to transmission for:

Walls

$$q_{\text{walls}} = U \times A \times \Delta T = 0.045 \times 653 \times (78^\circ\text{F} - 10^\circ\text{F}) = 1,998 \text{ BTUH}$$

Windows

$$q_{\text{windows}} = U \times A \times \Delta T = 0.333 \times 94 \times (78^\circ\text{F} - 10^\circ\text{F}) = 2,129 \text{ BTUH}$$

Door

$$q_{\text{door}} = U \times A \times \Delta T = 0.200 \times 21 \times (78^\circ\text{F} - 10^\circ\text{F}) = 286 \text{ BTUH}$$

Roof

$$q_{\text{roof}} = U \times A \times \Delta T = 0.041 \times (16\text{ft} \times 32\text{ft}) \times (78^\circ\text{F} - 10^\circ\text{F}) = 1,427 \text{ BTUH}$$

SOG

$$q_{\text{slab}} = U_f \times L = 35 \times (2 \times 16\text{ft} + 2 \times 32\text{ft}) = 3,360 \text{ BTUH}$$

2 pts G. Calculate the total rate of heat loss due to transmission.

$$q_{\text{transmission}} = 1998 + 2129 + 286 + 1427 + 3360 = 9,200 \text{ BTUH}$$

5 pts H. Determine the rate of heat loss due to infiltration for an ACH = 1.2

$$q_{\text{infil}} = 0.018 \times 1.2 \times (4096 \text{ ft}^3) \times (78^\circ\text{F} - 10^\circ\text{F}) = 6,016 \text{ BTUH}$$

2 pts I. Calculate the Total Rate of Heat Loss for the home

$$q_{\text{total}} = 9,200 \text{ BTUH} + 6,016 \text{ BTUH} = 15,216 \text{ BTUH}$$

4 pts 2. A 5-ton air conditioner is equivalent to how many BTUs of air conditioning?

$$\text{BTUs} = 5 \text{ ton} \times 12,000 \text{ BTU/ton} = 60,000 \text{ BTU}$$

4 pts 3. A heat pump has a cooling effect of 12,000 BTUH and an input power of 1200 W. What is the COP?

$$P_{\text{out}} = 12,000 \text{ Btuh} \times 1 \text{ kW}/3,414 \text{ Btu} = 3.5 \text{ kW}$$

$$\text{COP} = P_{\text{out}} / P_{\text{in}} = 3.5 \text{ kW} / 1.2 \text{ kW} = 2.9$$

Use a Psychrometric Chart to answer the following questions.

6 pts 4. A space at sea level is 65°F and RH = 30%  
Find the other properties of the air in that space.

|           |                          |
|-----------|--------------------------|
| DB        | 65°F                     |
| RH        | 30%                      |
| WB        | 49.1 °F                  |
| Humidity  | 27 Gr/lb                 |
| VP        | 0.19 In Hg               |
| Enthalpy  | 19.9 Btu/lb              |
| Vs        | 13.3 ft <sup>3</sup> /lb |
| Dew Point | 32.8 °F                  |

- 10 pts 5. A residential steam boiler contains 30 gallons of water that is stored at 55°F. How much heat must be added to convert the water to steam at 220°F?

One gallon of water weighs 8.34 lb

$$M = 30\text{-gal} \times 8.34 \text{ lb / gal} = 250 \text{ lb}$$

Sensible Heat 55°F to 212°F

$$Q = M \times C \times \Delta T = 250 \text{ lb} \times 1 \text{ Btu/lb}^\circ\text{F} \times (212^\circ\text{F} - 55^\circ\text{F}) = 39,250 \text{ Btu}$$

Latent Heat 212°F to Vapor

$$Q = 970 \text{ Btu/lb} \times 250 \text{ lb} = 242,500 \text{ Btu}$$

Sensible Heat vapor @212°F to 220°F

$$Q = M \times C \times \Delta T = 250 \text{ lb} \times 1 \text{ Btu/lb}^\circ\text{F} \times (220^\circ\text{F} - 212^\circ\text{F}) = 2,000 \text{ Btu}$$

$$\text{Total Heat (Enthalpy)} = 39,250 \text{ Btu} + 242,500 \text{ Btu} + 2,000 \text{ Btu} = 283,750 \text{ Btu}$$