CMGT 235 – Electrical and Mechanical Systems

Department of Construction Management 🏵 California State University, Chico

Exam #2 – Plumbing Systems

Name: ______

- 1. For the project, Waste Management Hauling Facility and the drawing P1 Plumbing Plan provided, complete the following:
- 4 pts
 A. Using a green, blue, and pink highlighter complete the following on the drawing provided: Cold Water Main – highlight green Cold Water Distribution – highlight blue Hot Water Distribution – highlight pink
- 15 pts B. Use Table 382.40-2 Water Supply Fixture Units for Public Use (Wisconsin Plumbing Code) to complete the WSFU Table shown below. Water closets are Flushometer and urinals are Syphon Jet. The Mop Sink and Shop Sink are typical service sinks.

Water Supply Fixture Units							
Eisture	# of	HOT WSFU		COLD WSFU		TOTAL WSFU	
Fixture	Fix.	EACH	THIS JOB	EACH	THIS JOB	EACH	THIS JOB
TOTALS							

 3 pts
 C. Use the Interpolation Method and the values from Using Table 382.40-3 Conversion of Water Supply Fixture Units to Gallons Per Minute to determine the Total GPM for the total building load. Show all work.

Total Building Load = _____ WSFU

8 pts D. Assign the load to the cold main immediately before the water heater \rightarrow (total load downstream + hot load upstream)

Total Load Downstream

Fixture	Total WSFU
TOTAL	

Hot Load Upstream

Fixture	Hot WSFU
TOTAL	

Total Load Downstream	+ Hot Load Upstream	=	Total Cold Main
			Before water heater

8 pts E. Assign the load to the cold main coming from the water meter.

→Total Load Upstream (all blue pipes from green main before water heater) – Hot Load (Same Fixtures)

Total Load Upstream

Fixture	Total WSFU
TOTAL	

Hot WSFU (Same Fixtures)				
Fixture	Hot WSFU			
TOTAL				

Total Load Upstream _______ - Hot Load (Same Fixtures) ______ = _____

2 pts Total from D. ______ + Total from E. _____ = _____ (Building Load)

 1 pt. E F. Using a yellow and orange highlighter complete the following on the drawing provided: Waste Pipe – highlight yellow
 Waste Pipe Cleanouts – highlight orange

Using a blue pen circle the waste vent pipes

What size is the building's main waste pipe?

What size are the main waste vent pipes? ______

How many vents are shown? _____

What size are the waste pipes for the trench drains at the metal roll-up doors? ______

G. What is the capacity of the water heater? ______

H. How many floor drains are shown on the plan? ______

I. What size are the waste pipes for the floor drains? ______

J. What type of pipe is specified on the drawing P1 for the hot and cold water piping?

K. What type of pipe is specified in the specifications (DIV15) for the hot and cold water piping?

- L. What brands are specified for the fixtures, faucets, and drains in the specifications?
- M. What brand in specified for the fixtures in Addendum #2?
- N. What is a hub drain?
- O. What type pipe is specified for sanitary, waste, and vent piping?

16 pts 2. Determine the Meter and Street Service size and the Building Supply size for the Dwelling shown. MDSSPA = 80 psi. The highest water outlet in the building is 12 feet above the source of supply. Pressure loss due to the meter is 5 psi. The water softener has a pressure loss of 9 psi. The maximum developed length of the piping between the source of supply and the furthest fixture is 140 feet. Each side of the house has a ½" hose bibb. The owner selected all the options as shown on the plan. Use 2016 California Plumbing Code.



Step 1. Calculate the Available Water Pressure

Step 2. Find the Effective Maximum Developed Length (DL) of Pipe

Step 3. Calculate the total WSFU

QTY	FIXTURE	WSFU	TOTAL WSFU
TOTAL WSFU			

Step 4. Use the 2016 CPC Table 610.4 complete the table below for your results:

Pressure Range	
Maximum Allowable Length	
Distribution Piping	Pipe Size (inches)
Meter and Street Service	
Building Supply	

3. For the commercial building sanitary isometric shown place the DFU value next to each fixture. Place the DFU totals at the locations shown. Use the 2016 California Plumbing Code.





10 pts 4. Determine the vertical and horizontal drain sizes for a building located in Wilmington, NC for the roof drain design shown. Use the 2016 CPC Appendix D rainfall rate with no amendments.



Show all calculations

- A. Minimum Drain Size for the roof drainage design shown.
- B. Minimum Horizontal Drain Size Roof Area = 2500 sq. ft.

Roof Area = 5000 sq. ft.

Roof Area = 10,000 sq. ft.

C. If one leader serves the entire roof area what is the minimum size pipe required?