

NAME: Solution

1. Solve the given equation for the unknown variable.

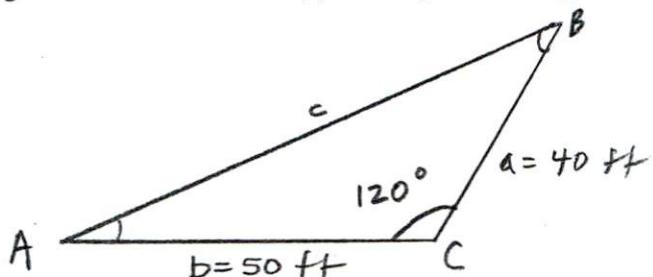
$$\frac{\sin A}{15} = \frac{\sin 30^\circ}{45}$$

$$\sin A = \frac{\sin 30^\circ (15)}{45}$$

$$A = \sin^{-1} 0.166667$$

$$= 9.6^\circ$$

2. Determine the length of the unknown side (c) and Angle A and angle B for the oblique triangle.



[SAS] Law of Cosines

$$\begin{aligned} c &= \sqrt{50\text{ft}^2 + 40\text{ft}^2 - 2(50\text{ft})(40\text{ft}) \cos 120^\circ} \\ &= \sqrt{4100 \text{ft}^2 - -2000 \text{ft}^2} \\ &= \underline{\underline{78 \text{ ft}}} \end{aligned}$$

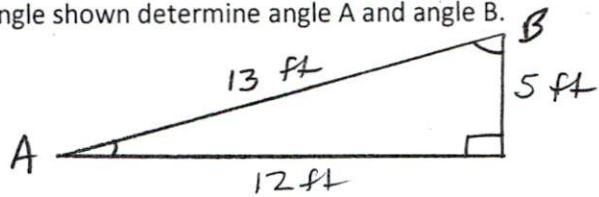
Law of Sines

$$\frac{\sin A}{40\text{ft}} = \frac{\sin 120^\circ}{78\text{ft}}$$

$$A = \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{40\text{ft} \sin 120^\circ}{78\text{ft}} \right) = \sin^{-1} (0.444115592) = \underline{\underline{26^\circ}}$$

$$B = 180^\circ - 120^\circ - 26^\circ = \underline{\underline{34^\circ}}$$

3. For the right triangle shown determine angle A and angle B.



$$\tan A = \frac{5 \text{ ft}}{12 \text{ ft}}$$

$$A = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{5 \text{ ft}}{12 \text{ ft}} \right) = 23^\circ$$

$$B = 90^\circ - 23^\circ = 67^\circ$$

4. Solve the system of linear equations shown using the Method of Elimination by Substitution, The Method of Elimination by Addition or Subtraction, or Cramer's Rule.

$$-5x + y = -3 \quad (1)$$

$$3x - 8y = 24 \quad (2)$$

multiply (1) $\times 8$

ADD	$-40x + 8y = -24$
	$+ 3x - 8y = 24$
$-37x = 0$	
	$\underline{\underline{x = 0}}$

subst into (1)

$$-5(0) + y = -3$$

$$\underline{\underline{y = -3}}$$

check

$$-5(0) + -3 = -3$$

$$\underline{\underline{-3 = -3 \checkmark}}$$

Substitution

$$\begin{aligned}-5x + y &= -3 & (1) \\ 3x - 8y &= 24 & (2)\end{aligned}$$

Solve (1) for y $y = -3 + 5x$ (3)

Subst (3) into (2)

$$\begin{aligned}3x - 8(-3 + 5x) &= 24 \\ 3x + 24 - 40x &= 24 \\ -37x &= 0 \\ x &= 0\end{aligned}$$

Substi into (3)

$$y = -3 + 5(0) = -3$$

check

$$\begin{aligned}-5(0) + -3 &= -3 \\ -3 &= -3 \checkmark\end{aligned}$$