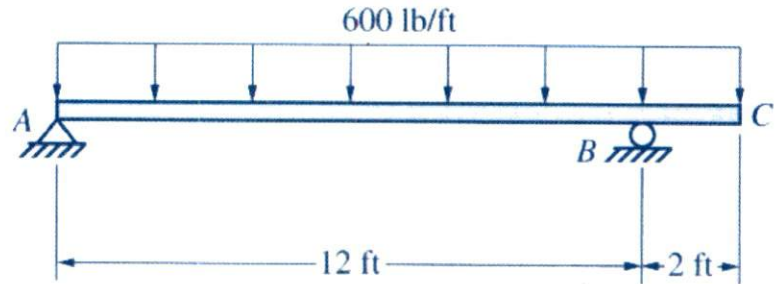


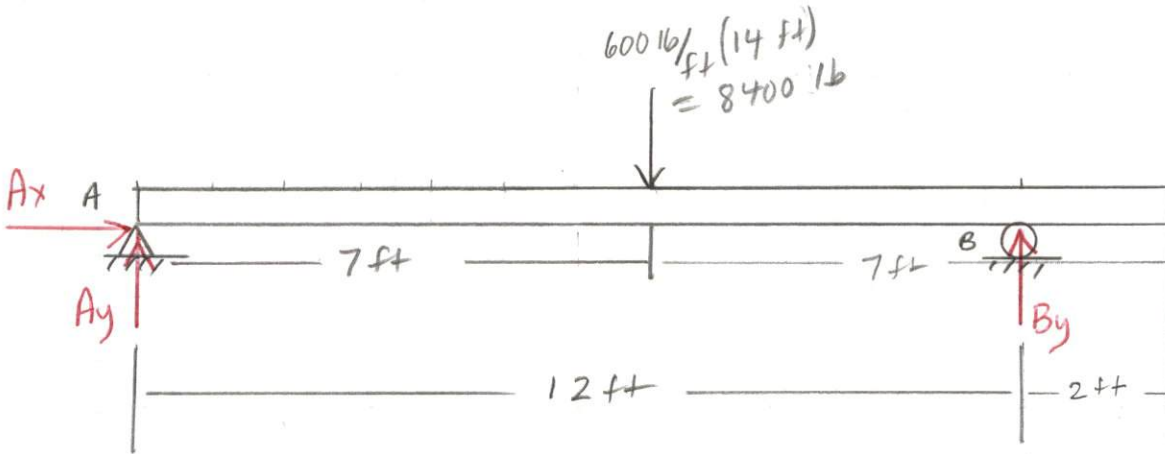
15-14

Select the lightest, rectangular California redwood section for an overhanging beam with the superimposed uniform load shown in Fig. P15-14.

Solution.



Solve for the reactions at the supports A and B



FBD - Entire Beam

Equilibrium Equations

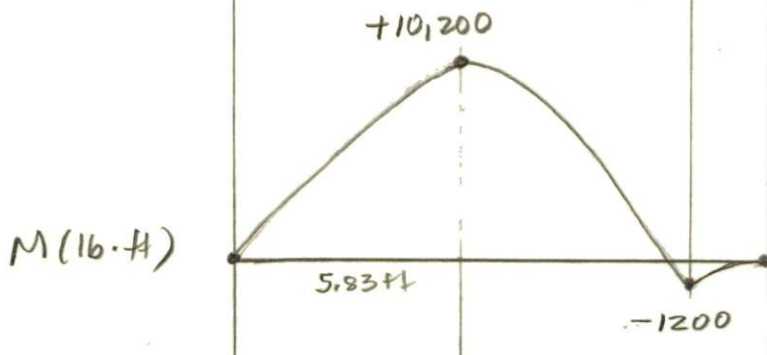
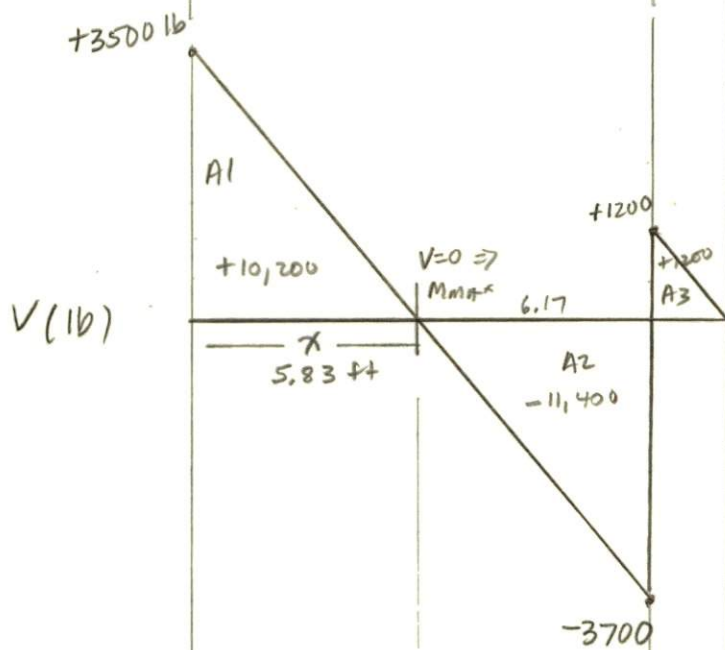
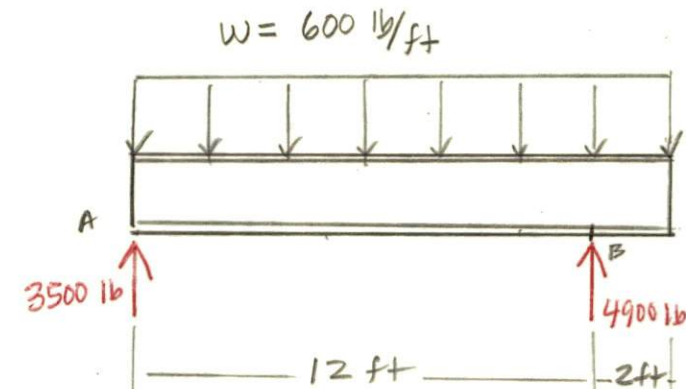
$$[\sum F_x = 0] \quad A_x = 0$$

$$+\circlearrowleft [\sum M_A = 0] \quad -8400 \text{ lb} (7 \text{ ft}) + B_y (12 \text{ ft}) = 0$$
$$B_y = \frac{58,800 \text{ lb} \cdot \text{ft}}{12 \text{ ft}} = 4900 \text{ lb} \uparrow$$

$$[\sum F_y = 0] \quad A_y - 8400 \text{ lb} + 4900 \text{ lb} = 0$$
$$A_y = 8400 \text{ lb} - 4900 \text{ lb} = 3500 \text{ lb} \uparrow$$

Draw V & M Diagrams

Loading Diagram



$$\frac{x}{3500} = \frac{12}{7200}$$

$$x = \frac{12(3500)}{7200} = 5.83 \text{ ft}$$

$$A1 = \frac{1}{2}(5.83)(3500) = 10,200$$

$$A2 = \frac{1}{2}(6.17)(-3700) = -11,400$$

$$A3 = \frac{1}{2}(2)(1200) = 1200$$

$$V_{\text{MAX}} = 3700 \text{ lb}$$

$$M_{\text{MAX}} = 10,200 \text{ lb}\cdot\text{ft}$$

Step 1, CA Redwood  $\tau_{allow} = 1350 \text{ psi}$

Step 2.  $\tau_{allow} = 100 \text{ psi}$

$$V_{MAX} = 3700 \text{ lb}$$

$$M_{MAX} = 10,200 \text{ lb}\cdot\text{ft} \left( \frac{12 \text{ in}}{\text{ft}} \right) = 122,400 \text{ lb}\cdot\text{in}$$

Step 3. 
$$S_{req} = \frac{M_{MAX}}{\tau_{allow}} = \frac{122,400 \text{ lb}\cdot\text{in}}{1350 \text{ psi}} = 90.7 \text{ in}^3$$

Step 4. 
$$A_{req} = \frac{1.5 V_{MAX}}{\tau_{allow}} = \frac{1.5(3700 \text{ lb})}{100 \text{ psi}} = 55.5 \text{ in}^2$$

Step 5. Table A-6(a)

6 x 12  $S = 121 \text{ in}^3$   $A = 63.3 \text{ in}^2$   $wt = 17.6 \text{ lb/ft}$

8 x 10  $S = 113 \text{ in}^3$   $A = 71.3 \text{ in}^2$   $wt = 19.8 \text{ lb/ft}$

10 x 10  $S = 143 \text{ in}^3$   $A = 90.3 \text{ in}^2$   $wt = 25.1 \text{ lb/ft}$

select 6 x 12

check,

$$\frac{\text{wt of beam}}{\text{load}} = \frac{17.6 \text{ lb/ft}}{600 \text{ lb/ft}} = 0.029 = 2.9\%$$

$$\frac{\text{Extra } S}{S_{req}} = \frac{121 \text{ in}^3 - 90.7 \text{ in}^3}{90.7 \text{ in}^3} = 0.334 = 33.4\% > 2.9\% \quad \text{Bending } \checkmark$$

$$\frac{\text{Extra } A}{A_{req}} = \frac{63.3 \text{ in}^2 - 55.5 \text{ in}^2}{55.5 \text{ in}^2} = 0.141 = 14.1\% > 2.9\% \quad \text{Shear } \checkmark$$

Use, 6 x 12 Rectangular Section